

# Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan Financial Statements

Signatory of:





# **MEDICAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY**

# **RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN**

# **Financial Statements**

# For the year ended 31 March 2021

# INDEX

Independent Audit ReportPage 1 to 3Statement of Net AssetsPage 4Statement of Changes in Net AssetsPage 5Statement of Cash FlowsPage 6Notes to the Financial StatementsPages 7 to 18



# Independent Auditor's Report

# To the Members of Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan ("the Plan") on pages 4 to 18, which comprise the statement of net assets of the Plan as at 31 March 2021, the statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended of the Plan, and the notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 4 to 18 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Plan as at 31 March 2021 and its changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

This report is made solely to the Plan's members, as a body. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the Plan's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Plan and the Plan's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Plan in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We provide assurance services in relation to the register of members for the Plan. We have no other relationship with, or interest in, the Plan. Partners and employees of our firm may deal with the Plan on normal terms within the ordinary course of trading activities of the business of the Plan.

# Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of the audit report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited



performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

#### Investments

# Why significant

- ► The Plan's portfolio of investments represents almost 100% of its assets.
- ► These financial assets are recognised at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with NZ IFRS 9: Financial Instruments. The Plan's accounting policy for financial assets is described in Note 2.
- Volatility and other market drivers can have a significant impact on the value of these financial assets, therefore the recognition and measurement of the investment portfolio is considered a key area of audit focus.
- Disclosures regarding the Plan's investments are included in Note 5 to the financial statements.

# How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included:

- Gaining an understanding of the processes used to record investment transactions and the revaluation of the investment portfolio.
- ▶ Obtaining and reviewing the Independent Assurance Reports on Controls relevant to custody and pricing entities. We have considered the implications of any control deficiencies for our audit. We relied on these controls over the recognition and valuation of the investment balances as well as monitoring controls used by the Plan.
- Receiving confirmation directly, from the entities responsible for the custody and pricing of the Plan's investments, of the number of securities held by the Plan and their exit prices at balance date.
- Verifying a sample of exit prices at balance date to pricing sources.
- Assessing whether the disclosures in the financial statements appropriately reflect the requirements of NZ IAS 26 Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans, NZ IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures and NZ IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement.

# Those charged with governance responsibilities for the financial statements

Those charged with governance are responsible, on behalf of the Plan, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as those charged with governance determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, those charged with governance are responsible for assessing the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless those charged with governance either intend to liquidate the Plan or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the External Reporting Board website: https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards-for-assurance-practitioners/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-2/. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is David Borrie.

Chartered Accountants

Ernst + Young

Wellington 30 June 2021

# MEDICAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN **Statement of Net Assets** As at 31 March 2021

Notes	2021	2020
	NZ\$	NZ\$
6	23,020,045	101,996,019
5	34,938,146	-
5	1,026,774,491	762,549,953
10	-	655,526
	-	4,169,042
	1,084,732,682	869,370,540
	(973,621)	(793,738)
	(16,948,175)	
10		(30,233,418)
	(17,921,796)	(31,027,156)
1	1.066.810.886	838,343,384
	2,000,020,000	030,040,004
3	1,066,810,886	838,343,384
	1,066,810,886	838,343,384
	6 5 5 10	NZ\$  6 23,020,045 5 34,938,146 5 1,026,774,491 10

Approved for issue by the Directors of MFM on behalf of the Trustees of the Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan.

Signed.by: Harley. Aish...... Date & Time: 30 Jun, 2021 13:01:55 NZST

..... Date

Signed by: Brett Sutton
Date, & Time: 30. Jun, 2021.10:55:49.NZST

..... Date

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the notes on pages 7 to 18.

# MEDICAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the year ended 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
		NZ\$	NZ\$
Investment Activities			
Investment Revenues			
Dividend Income		8,940,910	13,876,160
Interest Income		924,669	4,957,234
Gain/(Loss) on Investments at Fair Value	7,8	211,623,766	(19,372,077)
Total Investment Revenue		221,489,345	(538,683)
Other Revenues			
Bank Interest Received		491	3,835
Total Other Revenue	_	491	3,835
Other Expenses			
Administration Expenses		(9,644,654)	(8,489,469)
Audit Fee - Financial Statements - EY		(17,141)	(18,512)
Audit Fee - Other Assurance Procedures - EY		(1,495)	(1,495)
Trustee Fees		(15,450)	(15,000)
Total Other Expenses	<u></u>	(9,678,740)	(8,524,476)
Change in Net Assets before Taxation			
and Membership Activities	3	211,811,095	(9,059,324)
Membership Activities			
Member Contributions		89,235,830	81,511,217
Withdrawals		(55,346,399)	(42,340,026)
PIE Tax Paid		(17,233,024)	4,138,095
Net Membership Activities	_	16,656,407	43,309,286
Net Increase in Net Assets During Year		228,467,502	34,249,962
Net Assets Available for Benefits at Beginning of Year		838,343,384	804,093,422
Net Assets Available for Benefits at End of Year	_	1,066,810,886	838,343,384

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the notes on pages 7 to 18.

# MEDICAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
		NZ\$	NZ\$
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash provided from:			
Contributions		89,235,830	81,456,792
Sundry Income		491	3,835
Tax Refund	_	3,884,192	
		93,120,513	81,460,627
Cash applied to:			
Benefits Paid		(55,346,402)	(42,345,459)
Administration Expenses		(9,659,821)	(9,755,987)
Tax Refund/(Paid)		0	(5,142,052)
	_	(65,006,223)	(57,243,498)
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	8	28,114,290	24,217,129
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Cash provided from:			
Proceeds from Sale of Investment Assets		80,780,243	113,655,907
Proceeds from Sale of Cash Investment Assets		366,315	-
less: Cash applied to:			
Purchase of Investment Assets		(107,385,223)	(107,775,903)
Purchase of Cash Investment Assets		(80,851,598)	-
	_		
Net Cash(Outflow)/Inflow from Investing Activities		(107,090,262)	5,880,004
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash Held		(78,975,974)	30,097,134
Add Cash at start of Year		101,996,019	71,898,885
Balance at end of Year	- -	23,020,045	101,996,019

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the notes on pages 7 to 18.  $\,$ 

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 1. Plan Description

Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan") is a defined contribution superannuation plan for Members of the Medical Assurance Society. Under the Plan, contributions are made by Plan Members and Employers. The Plan is registered under the Financial Market Conduct Act 2013 (the "FMCA").

The Trustees of the Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan (the "Trustees") are the manager of the Plan, whose address is 19-21 Broderick Road, Johnsonville, Wellington, New Zealand.

The custodian of the Plan is JBWere (NZ) Nominees Limited. Its address is Level 38, Vero Centre, 48 Shortland Street, Auckland.

There is only one class of Member. There were no Members receiving benefits other than those paid on exit.

The Administration Manager of the Plan is Link Market Services Limited ("Link").

During the year 789 Members received benefits from the Plan (2020: 229 Members).

#### **Funding Arrangements**

Members' contributions are discretionary. No additional payments to acquire additional benefits were made by entrants or existing Members during the year. Employer contributions are discretionary. Participating employer contributions are made on behalf of members in accordance with the Employer's Participating Agreement. These funding arrangements are consistent with those of the previous year.

#### **Retirement Benefits**

Retirement benefits are determined by contributions to the Plan together with investment earnings on these contributions over the period of membership.

# **Termination Terms**

The Trust Deed sets out the basis on which the Plan can be terminated. Clause A21 of the Trust Deed covers the situation where the Plan can be wound-up.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# **Basis of Preparation and Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand ("NZ GAAP"), the requirements of the FMCA and the Trust Deed governing the Plan. They comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("NZ IFRS") and other applicable Financial Reporting Standards, as appropriate for profit oriented entities. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The Plan prepared the financial statements under the FMCA as it is a FMC reporting entity.

The Plan comprises of seven funds: Cash, Conservative, Moderate, Balanced, Growth, Aggressive and Global Equities. The financial statements have been prepared at the Plan level as the liabilities of the individual investment choices are not limited to the assets of each investment choice. Therefore assets of one investment choice could be used to meet the liabilities of another.

The Plan is classified as an investment entity under NZ IFRS 10. It obtains funds from multiple investors and invests these for returns from capital appreciation and investment income. No investments are controlled, and there has been no consolidation of investments.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

# **Measurement Base**

The measurement base adopted is that of historical cost except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss at the end of the reporting period.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Presentation and Functional Currency**

These financial statements are rounded to the nearest dollar and presented in New Zealand dollars because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Plan operates.

#### Classification of Assets and Liabilities

Assets and liabilities are disclosed in the Statement of Net Assets in an order that reflects their relative liquidity.

#### New and amended standards and interpretations

All new standards or amendments were adopted by the Scheme during the reporting period. There was no material impact on the financial statements.

#### Standards issued but not effective

Following due enquiry, the Manager has concluded that standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, will not materially impact the financial statements of the Scheme.

The Scheme intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

#### Investment Income

Interest, dividends and distributions from unitised investments are taken to income on a due and receivable basis. Net realised and unrealised gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets in the year in which they occur.

#### **Foreign Currencies**

Transactions in currencies other than NZ dollars are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance date, assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance date. Gains and losses arising on retranslation are included in changes in net assets for the year.

# Income and Expenses

All income and expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis.

# Investments

Investments are recognised and derecognised on the trade date and are initially measured at fair value. Investment fund values are supplied by the Fund Manager JBWere (NZ) Pty Ltd ("JBWere"). Investments are classified at fair value through profit or loss. As the Plan's business is investing in financial assets with a view to profiting from their total return in the form of interest, distributions or increases in fair value, cash deposits are carried at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. The valuation techniques used are detailed in the note 10 Fair Value. Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for at trade date.

# **Financial Instruments**

# (i) Classification

The Plan classifies its investments as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These financial assets are carried by the Plan at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

Financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Plan's documented investment strategy. The Plan's policy is for the Trustees to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information. The Trustees have determined that all financial assets of the Plan are carried at fair value through profit or loss with the exception of cash, cash equivalents, receivables and payables which are measured at amortised cost.

# (ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Plan recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets from this date. Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or the Plan has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. All realised gains and losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# (iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

The fair value of unitised funds is determined using the price as calculated by the fund manager at balance date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer a liability takes place either:

- In the principal market of the asset or liability:
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset of liability; or
- The principal or most advantageous market accessible by the Plan.

The fair value of an asset is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset assuming market participants act in their economic best interest.

#### **Taxation**

The Plan is a Portfolio Investment Entity ("PIE") under the Income Tax Act 2007. Under the PIE regime, income earned by the Plan is attributed to all Members in accordance with the proportion of their interest in the overall Plan. The income attributed to each Member is taxed at the Member's prescribed investor rate ("PIR") which is similar to an individual's marginal tax rate, however, it is capped at a maximum rate of 28%. The Plan deducts tax from each Member's allocation and pays the tax to Inland Revenue on behalf of the Member.

PIE tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to Inland Revenue on behalf of the Members based on the Members' current period's taxable income and their PIR.

# Receivables

Receivables do not carry any interest and are short-term in nature and are accordingly stated at their amortised cost.

# Pavable

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Plan which are unpaid as at balance date. These amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. These amounts are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

# **Derivative Financial Instruments**

During the year the Plan invested in a range of pooled investment vehicles by way of pooled units that were managed by JBWere. During the normal course of business the Plan enters into foreign exchange contracts, financial futures, swaps and options. These instruments are for economic hedging purposes only and accounted for at fair value. The Plan does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Plan's policies approved by the Trustees.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets as they arise.

# Goods and Services Tax ("GST")

The Plan is not registered for GST and consequently all components of the financial statements are stated inclusive of GST where appropriate.

# **Promised Benefits**

The liability for promised benefits is the Plan's present obligation to pay benefits to Members. It has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the assets and the carrying amounts of the sundry liabilities and income tax liabilities as at balance date. Promised benefits include amounts allocated to Members' accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Statement of Cash Flows

The following are the definitions of the terms used in the Statement of Cash Flows:

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Operating activities - include all transactions and other events that are not investing activities.

Investing activities - comprise acquisition and disposal of investments. Investments include securities not falling within the definition of cash.

# **Contributions and Benefits**

Contributions and benefits are accounted for on an accrual basis. Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when they become receivable.

Benefits are recognised in Statement of Changes in Net Assets when they become payable.

#### **Capital Risk Management**

The Plan's primary purpose is to ensure that its net assets are sufficient to meet all present and future obligations of the Plan, as defined by the liability for promised benefits.

The Plan achieves this through obtaining contributions from Members and their employers and investing them into financial assets.

### New and amended standards and interpretations

All new standards or amendments were adopted by the Scheme during the reporting period. There was no material impact on the financial statements.

# Standards issued but not effective

Following due enquiry, the Manager has concluded that standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, will not materially impact the financial statements of the Scheme.

The Scheme intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

# **Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements**

The Trustees have applied their judgement in selecting the accounting policy to designate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. This policy has a significant impact on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements. With the exception of investments classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy (see Note 10), which are not considered material, it is possible to determine the fair values of all financial assets as unit, bond and derivative prices are readily available from fund managers. Therefore there are no material assumptions or major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of making material adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities at year end. However, as with all investments their value is subject to variation due to market fluctuations. For the purposes of the fair value hierarchy of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, the Trustees have to apply their judgement as to what constitutes "observable prices". For further details refer to note 10 (Fair Value).

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

# 3. Liability for Promised Benefits

	2021	2020
	NZ\$	NZ\$
Movements in Members' Accounts - Per Member's Registry System		
Balance at beginning of year	839,557,835	804,056,341
Contributions received	87,986,620	81,658,173
Investment earnings allocated to members	210,633,970	(7,879,159)
PIE tax	(17,233,400)	4,138,061
Withdrawals paid	(55,231,716)	(42,415,581)
Balance at end of year	1,065,713,309	839,557,835
Movements in Members' Accounts - Timing Variances		
Balance at beginning of year	(1,214,451)	37,082
Investment earnings for year	211,811,095	(9,059,324)
Investment earnings allocated to members	(210,633,970)	7,879,159
Other variances due to timing differences	1,134,903	(71,368)
Balance at end of year - to be allocated to Member's accounts in 2021 (2020)	1,097,576	(1,214,451)
Total balance at end of year	1,066,810,886	838,343,384

# **Guaranteed Benefits**

No guarantees have been made in respect of any part of the liability for promised benefits (2020: Nil).

# 4. Vested Benefits

Vested Benefits are benefits payable to Members or Beneficiaries, under the conditions of the Plan, on the basis of all Members ceasing to be members of the Plan at balance date. Vested Benefits as at 31 March 2021 were the net assets available to pay benefits less wind up costs.

# 5. Investments

	2021	2020
	NZ\$	NZ\$
The funds were invested by JBWere in the following asset classes:		
Domestic Fixed Interest	89,280,592	76,143,600
International Fixed Interest	209,189,173	191,689,187
Australasian Equities	216,632,238	137,985,966
International Equities	507,296,918	349,198,988
Alternative Investments	4,375,569	4,257,587
Cash Investments	34,938,146	-
Domestic Property	-	3,274,626
	1,061,712,637	762,549,954
Cash	20,577,629	101,009,577
Derivatives held for Trading (Forward FX Contracts and Interest Swaps)	-	(29,577,892)
Total Investments	1,082,290,266	833,981,639

The majority of funds invested are invested into unitised products or pooled vehicles. From 6 July 2020 the Plan commenced investing into wholesale funds managed by Medical Funds Management Limited for Domestic Fixed Interest, Australasian Equities, International Equities and Cash Investments.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

# 5. Investments (Continued)

(a) Trading securities exceeding 5% of net assets available for benefits				
		2021		2020
	%	NZ\$	%	NZ\$
International Equities	40	F07 20C 010		
MAS Wholesale International Equities Fund MAS SRI Global Mandate	48	507,296,919	33	- 285,775,555
	-	-	33	263,773,333
Australasian Equities	20	24.6.622.220		
MAS Wholesale Australasian Equities Fund	20	216,632,238	-	-
New Zealand Fixed Interest				
MAS Wholesale New Zealand Fixed Interest Fund	100	89,280,593	-	-
International Fixed Interest				
Hunter Global Fixed Interest Fund	20	209,189,173	22	191,689,187
	20	203,103,173		131,003,107
Cash  IRWord NZD Promium Custody Call			9	77,084,200
JBWere NZD Premium Custody Call	-	-	9	77,064,200
(b) Trading Securities exceeding 5% of security class				
Australasian Equities  MAS Wholesale Australasian Equities Fund	100	216,632,238		
Australian Equities	100	210,032,236	15	19,263,218
New Zealand Equities	-	-	59	81,758,547
New Zealand Equities			33	01,730,347
International Equities				
MAS Wholesale International Equities Fund	100	507,296,919	-	-
International Equities			89	309,641,452
Domestic Property				
Investor Property Limited	_	-	65	1,639,669
Kiwi Property Group Ltd	-	-	35	878,916
				0.0,000
Domestic Fixed Interest				
MAS Wholesale New Zealand Fixed Interest Fund	100	89,280,593	-	-
New Zealand Fixed Interest	-	-	79	60,001,393
Alternative Investments				
Maui Capital Aqua Fund	84	3,687,733	82	3,477,005
Pencarrow IV Fund	13	586,404	17	705,232
International Fixed Interest				
Hunter Global Fixed Interest Fund	100	209,189,173	100	191,689,187
Cash Investments				
MAS Wholesale Cash Fund (NZD)	63	34,938,146	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.5	40.070.000	7.0	77.004.202
Westpac	36	19,879,998	76 10	77,084,200
BZLNZ Term Deposit  BCHINA Term Deposit	-	-	10 10	9,643,090 10,419,841
periliva retifi peposit	-	-	10	10,413,041

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

6.	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
		2021	2020
		NZ\$	NZ\$
	ANZ Bank Current Account	2,442,416	986,442
	JBWere Cash Account	20,577,629	101,009,577
		23,020,045	101,996,019
7.	Changes in Net Market Value	2021	2020
		2021 NZ\$	NZ\$
	Cash - foreign denominated	(994,055)	1,022,088
	Domestic fixed interest	4,020,726	(829,400)
	International fixed interest	6,032,966	(4,116,375)
	Domestic equities	21,958,289	(693,044)
	International equities	157,753,131	21,045,833
	Derivative financial instruments	22,852,707	(35,801,180)
		211,623,766	(19,372,077)
8.	Reconciliation of Increase in Net Assets to Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
		2021	2020
		NZ\$	NZ\$
	Increase in Net Assets	228,467,502	34,249,962
	Add/(less) non-cash items:		
	Dividends received	(8,940,910)	(13,876,160)
	Interest received	(924,669)	(4,957,234)
	Administration expenses	(160,965)	-
	Loss/(Gain) on investments at fair value	(211,623,766)	19,372,077
	Add/(less) movement in other working capital items:		
	(Decrease)/Increase in prepaid contributions	-	(54,425)
	Decrease in benefits payable	-	(5,433)
	(Decrease)/Increase in accounts payable	179,882	(1,231,511)
	(Decrease)/Increase in PIE tax payable/refundable	21,117,217	(9,280,147)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	28,114,290	24,217,129

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

# 9. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

The Plan's risk management is carried out in accordance with policies set by the Trustees. These policies provide clear structure for managing key financial risks. Whilst their review of risk is ongoing, the Trustees formally review the major risks faced by the Plan on a quarterly basis.

The Plan's fund manager enters into currency derivatives, principally to protect the value of investments against adverse currency movements. They are prevented by policy guidelines established by the Trustees from entering into such contracts for speculative purposes.

The Trustees have approved a Statement of Investment Policy and Objectives which establishes investment fund objectives and target asset allocations. Performance against these targets is reviewed at least quarterly by the Trustees and asset reallocations undertaken as required.

The majority of the total sum invested, is in the name of the investing entity (Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan), via a custodian. The funds are primarily invested into unitised or pooled vehicles.

The Plan's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of; market, liquidity and credit.

#### **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Plan is exposed directly, as well as indirectly through investments in unit trusts, to foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and other price risks through its investments. The investments in unit trusts are unitised and the underlying securities comprise cash, domestic and international equity instruments, New Zealand commercial property and domestic and international fixed interest securities.

Market risk management is carried out in accordance with policies set by the Trustees. These policies provide clear structure for managing market risks. While their review is ongoing, the Trustees formally review market risks faced by the Plan on a quarterly basis.

# **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Plan may not have the financial ability to meet its contractual obligations. The Plan evaluates its liquidity requirements on an ongoing basis and maintains a substantial investment in cash and cash equivalents to cover the possibility of any member withdrawals. All financial assets at fair value through profit or loss can be realised within 12 months. All financial liabilities are payable within 12 months.

# **Liquidity Profile of Financial Liabilities**

31 March 2021	0-6 Months \$	6-12 Months \$	Total \$
Financial Liabilities			
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-	-
Other Liabilities	973,621	-	973,621
	973,621	-	973,621
31 March 2020	0-6 Months \$	6-12 Months	Total \$
51 March 2020	ş	ş	ş
Financial Liabilities			
Derivative financial instruments	30,233,418	-	30,233,418
Other liabilities	793,738	-	793,738
	31,027,156	-	31,027,156

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 9. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (Continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into, resulting in a financial loss to the Plan. The financial instruments that potentially expose the Plan to credit risk consist of cash and short term deposits, fixed interest securities and receivables and, indirectly, investments in unitised products which invest in cash and fixed interest investments. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of these financial instruments. The Fund Managers of the Plan are JBWere and Bancorp Treasury Services Limited ("Bancorp"), which the Trustees consider to be financial institutions of high quality. The Fund Managers maintain a diversified investment fund in accordance with the fund mix adopted by the Trustees. The credit risk on liquid funds and derivatives is minimised by restricting transactions to rated banks.

There are no financial assets past due or impaired at balance date (2020: Nil).

Statement of Net Asset Credit Exposures	2021 NZ\$	2020 NZ\$
Cash and cash equivalents	23,020,045	101,996,019
Domestic fixed interest	-	76,143,600
International fixed interest	-	191,689,187
Derivatives held for trading		655,526
	23,020,045	370,484,332

The following table provides information on the credit risk exposure for financial assets with external credit ratings of the Plan. Investment grade financial assets are classified within the range of AAA to BBB, with AAA being the highest possible rating. The 'not rated' column discloses those assets not rated by external ratings agencies and principally comprises fixed interest investments with local government authorities.

	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	Not Rated	Carrying Value
<b>31 March 2021</b> Cash	-	100.00%	-	-	-	23,020,045
31 March 2020						
Cash	-	100%	-	-	-	101,996,019
Fixed interest	-	37.7%	8.4%	44.3%	9.6%	267,832,787
Derivatives held for trading	-	100%	-	-	-	655,526

# **Currency Risk**

The Plan is exposed to currency risk in that future currency movements will affect the valuation of holdings in foreign currency denominated investments.

Trustees set limits for the management of currency risk. At 31 March 2021, 0% of the foreign currency exposure is hedged (2020: 87%), which is due to the funds being invested into unitised or pooled vehicles.

# Sensitivity Analysis

The following table shows the sensitivity of profit and members' funds to reasonably possible appreciation or depreciation in the NZ dollar against the basket of currencies at 31 March:

Change in Net Assets after Taxation Higher/(Lower)

	2021 NZ\$	2020 NZ\$
10% Decrease in NZD	-	11,536,159
10% Increase in NZD	-	(9,438,676)

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the year ended 31 March 2021

# 9. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (Continued)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Plan is exposed to interest rate risk in that interest rate movements will affect cash flows and net market values of fixed interest securities. The Trustees review the Plan's interest rate exposure on a quarterly basis.

# Sensitivity Analysis

The following table shows the sensitivity of profit and members' funds to reasonably possible changes in interest rates at 31 March:

# Change in Net Assets after Taxation Higher/(Lower)

	2021 NZ\$	2020 NZ\$
50bp Decrease in Interest Rates		
NZD Denominated Bonds	1,649,403	1,571,501
Cash and Cash Equivalents	278,215	358,003
50bp Increase in Interest Rates		
NZD Denominated Bonds	(1,649,403)	(1,571,501)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	(278,215)	(358,003)

#### Other Price Risk

The Fund manages risk through investing in diversified unitised funds.

# Other Price Risk

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table shows the sensitivity of profit and Members' funds to reasonably possible changes in equity and unit prices at 31 March:

# Change in Net Assets after Taxation Higher/(Lower)

	2021 NZ\$	2020 NZ\$
Prices Increase by 10%	106,171,264	65,682,846
Prices Decrease by 10%	(106,171,264)	(65,682,846)
Classification of Financial Instruments	2021	2020
Financial Assets carried at fair value	NZ\$	NZ\$
through profit or loss	1,026,774,491	762,549,953
Derivatives held for trading	-	655,526
Financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents)	23,020,045	101,996,019
Financial Liabilities held at amortised cost	(973,621)	(793,738)
Financial Liability for Derivatives held for trading	-	(30,233,418)

# **Capital Management**

Net assets available to pay benefits are considered to be the Plan's capital for the purposes of capital management. The Plan does not have to comply with externally imposed capital requirements.

The Plan's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to its Members and maximise the Plan's Members value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 10. Fair Value

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements represents their respective fair values, determined in accordance with the Plan's accounting policies.

The Plan classifies fair value measurements of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability. The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Trustees. The Trustees consider observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Plan's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value:

	NZ\$	NZ\$	NZ\$	NZ\$
31 March 2021:				Total
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance
MAS Wholesale Investments	-	1,057,337,067	-	1,057,337,067
Alternative Investments	-	-	4,375,569	4,375,570
Total Assets	-	1,057,337,067	4,375,569	1,061,712,637
Liabilities				
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	-	-	-
	NZ\$	NZ\$	NZ\$	NZ\$
31 March 2020:				Total
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	655,526	-	655,526
Fixed Interest Investments	-	267,832,787	-	267,832,787
Equity Investments	490,459,580	-	-	490,459,580
Alternative Investments	-	-	4,257,587	4,257,587
Total Assets	490,459,580	268,488,313	4,257,587	763,205,480
Liabilities				
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	(30,233,418)	-	(30,233,418)
Total Liabilities	-	(30,233,418)	-	(30,233,418)

There were no transfers between levels during the year (2020: Nil). On 6 July 2020 the Plan switched from directly holding equity investments to investing in wholesale funds. The Plan now holds units in the wholesale fund which invests in listed equities. This change results in the equity investments being classed as a level 2 investment.

The financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss level 2, held with JBWere were not traded in an active market. The investments are determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets.

The financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss level 2 were not quoted in an active market. The fair value is measured using market observable prices as used by market participants. For these investment funds the Trustees believe the Plan could have redeemed its investments at unit pricing provided by the Fund Managers.

The fair value for fixed interest investments is determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities. Where not available or the market is considered to be lacking sufficient depth to be active, fair value is determined by reference to other significant inputs that are based on observable market data, for example interest rate yield curves and the maturity profile.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

#### 10. Fair Value (Continued)

The financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss level 3 were not quoted in an active market, and not based on observable market data. The fair value is measured using the net asset value which is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Reconciliation of level 3 fair value movements	2021 NZ\$	2020 NZ\$
Opening Balance	4,257,587	5,632,673
Capital Investment/(Withdrawal)	(676,504)	(49,268)
Total Gains	794,486	(1,325,818)
Closing Balances	4,375,569	4,257,587

The financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss level 3 were valued using valuation techniques which were consistent with last year. The fair value used for the Maui Capital Indigo Fund, Maui Capital Aqua Fund and Pencarrow IV Fund are determined with reference to valuations. The potential change in the relevant input by 10% would have the effect of impacting the fair value by \$437,557 (2020: \$425,758).

#### **Derivative Financial Instruments Valuation**

Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value. The fair value of derivatives has been determined by reference to approximate price valuations received from registered banks. Valuations take account of relevant market conditions.

#### 11. Related Parties

The Plan is distributed by Medical Assurance Society New Zealand Limited. Medical Funds Management Limited ("MFM") provides management services to the Plan. MFM charged a management fee to the Plan of \$9,747,768.11 (2020: \$8,741,114.41) being 1% of funds under management, except for the Cash Fund where the fee is 0.5%. \$956,607.43 (2020: \$732,713.03) has been accrued at balance date. MFM is responsible for paying JBWere and Bancorp investment management fees relative to the management of those funds. MFM is also responsible for paying Link for administration costs. All related party transactions are at arms length. No related party debts have been written off or forgiven during the year (2020: Nil).

# 12. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

	2021 NZ\$	2020 NZ\$
Maui Capital Aqua Fund	1,101,531	1,038,586
Maui Capital Indigo Fund	17,900	13,297
Pencarrow IV Fund	18,136	21,811
Total Capital Commitments	1,137,567	1,073,694

Capital commitments represent the uncalled capital contracted for at balance date but not yet paid to Maui Capital Aqua Fund, Maui Capital Indigo Fund, and Pencarrow IV Fund. No significant contingent liabilities exist as at 31 March 2021.

# 13. Events after Balance Date

On 18 June 2021, the Trustees of the Plan retired as Manager of the Plan and Medical Assurance Society New Zealand Limited retired as Founder. Medical Funds Management Limited (MFM) were appointed manager of the Plan.

Public Trust has been appointed as Supervisor for the Plan. A new trust deed was executed 18 June 2021 by the retiring parties and the new parties. The Plan has been renamed the MAS Retirement Savings Scheme. MFM applied to the Financial Markets Authority (FMA) and the FMA directed the removal of the registration of the "restricted" scheme status of the Plan. This opens investment in the Plan up to the wider public. A new 'Superannuation Scheme' section has been opened to the general public, which offers withdrawal benefits in line with the superannuation scheme rules under the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations. The Workplace Savings Section will remain open, however will no longer be open to any other Members at the discretion of the manager.

The RIAA Certification Symbol signifies that a product or service offers an investment style that takes into account certain environmental, social, governance or ethical considerations. The Symbol also signifies that the Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan adheres to the strict operational and disclosure practices required under the Responsible Investment Certification Program for the category of Superfund Option. The Certification Symbol is a Registered Trade Mark of the Responsible Investment Association Australasia (RIAA). Detailed information about RIAA, the Symbol and the Medical Assurance Society Retirement Savings Plan's methodology and performance can be found at www.responsiblereturns.com.au, together with details about other responsible investment products certified by RIAA.

The Responsible Investment Certification Program does not constitute financial product advice. Neither the Certification Symbol nor RIAA recommends to any person that any financial product is a suitable investment or that returns are guaranteed. Appropriate professional advice should be sought prior to making an investment decision. RIAA does not hold an Australian Financial Services Licence.





